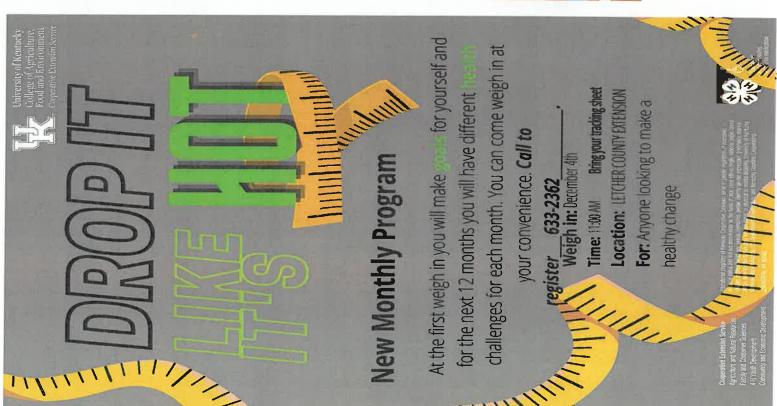






Cooperative Extension Service Letcher County 478 Extension Rd Whitsburg, Ky 41858 606-633-2362





Nanette Banks

Letcher County Extension Agent for Family & Consumer Sciences Education

Cooperative Extension Service

Agriculture and Natural Resources
Family and Consumer Sciences
4-H Youth Development
Community and Resource Development

MARTIN-GATTON COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE, FOOD AND ENVIRONMENT

Situational programs of Kentucky Cooperative Extensions serve all peoples regardless of economic or social estates and will not discribinates on the lasts of rose, coince, eather circles, national origin, create, religion, political belief, exc. secural orientation, gender identity, gender capression, pregnancy, marital status, gender information, age, verseus status, physical or enactual disability or reputs all or relativistions for prior civil rights actively. Researchie incommodation of disability may be available with prior notice. Programs information may be made serabible in languages other than Buglish. Observative of Remutely, Monados State University, U.S. Department of Agriculture, and Restucky Consists, Congesting.

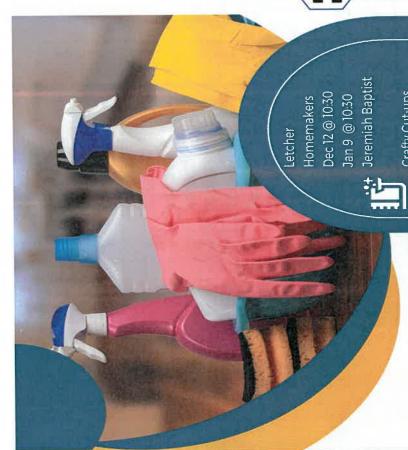


Disabilities accommodered with prior positionies









Bring your ornament that you have made or bought & favorite

finger food

Ornament Exchange

Christmas

Homemaker

Crafty Cut-ups Jan 9 @ 10:00

HOMEMAKER

Letcher County Dec 12 @ 10:00 Dec 7 @ 11:00 Jan 11 @ 11:00 Homemakers Extension Cowan

MONTHLY MEETINGS

CLUBS

Cowan Community Center

January 19th @ 12:00 Coal City Coffee Dec 13 @ 12:00 Homemakers Jenkins

Call 606-633-2362 for

information on any of these

@reallygreatsite

to register by December 1st Call 633-23*6*2 Letcher County Extension Office December 5th @ 11:00





COOKING THROUGH THE





Start at 1:00 pm



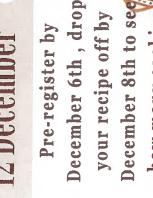
12 December

December 8th to see December 6th, drop your recipe off by Pre-register by









how many cookies you will need to make.



Join us to celebrate





Cooperative Extension office:

December 11 @ 1:00

please contact your local

FREE cooking classes,

how you can attend these

For more information on



Loaded Beef Stoganoff



























10AM: JOIN VIA ZOOM zoom.us/my/arhdiabetes



2024

Join with us to discuss:

AN 25 Carb Counting

FB 29 Disaster Preparedness

R 28 Neuropathy - Coping with the Pain

B

BINGO

exercise and health information with the familiar game of Bingo,

(NCOA).Bingocize combines

National Council on Aging

through both SNAP-Ed and The

promotion program approved

Bingocize is a 10-week,

B

evidence-based health

which is a great and fun way to

Medications - What's New

Why Protect

Our Kidneys

dates in January: 9th, 11th, 16th 18th, 23rd, and 30th at 1:00 each

Please call and pre-register by

day. January 25th @ 11:30

December 22nd. For more

information contact Nanette

Banks at 606-633-2362

socializing. We will be meeting

get people moving and

for 10 weeks on the following

SEP 26 Diabetes Prevention - Prevention for Families

ICT 31 Holiday Eating

106 29 Staying Hydrated

Eye Disease

1 25 How to Handle Diabetic Emergencies

10V2 Trivia This meeting is off our regular schedule

FOR INFO

arh.org/diabetes

606.789.3511 💌 arhdiabetes@arh.org ext. 1229









Letcher County Extension

606-633-2362











EXTENSION

International Cooking Series without leaving your kitchen

 Ø different cultures A history of food
 A history of











any type is burned whether in engines, furnaces, Carbon Monoxide is produced whenever fuel of Darian Creech, Wolfe County FCS agent. Please smelled, the danger is the buildup of the gas in enclosed spaces. This lesson will be taught by fireplaces, grills, stoves, and gas ranges. Since pre-register by January 5th so we have enough carbon monoxide can't be seen, tasted, or unch for those in attendance.

January 12th @ Noon





COOKING THROUGH THE

please contact your local Cooperative Extension office: For more information on how you can attend these FREE cooking classes,

January 18th @ 11:30 am

Savory Winter Pork Stew











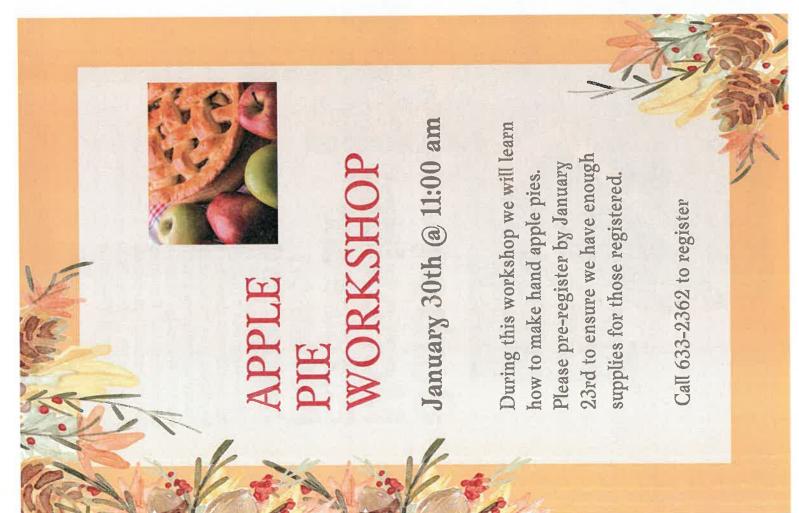




















DECEMBER 2023

Nichole Huff, Ph.D., CFLE | Assistant Extension Professor Family Finance and Resource Management | nichole.huff@uky.edu

THIS MONTH'S TOPIC: BECOMING A SMART SAVER AT MEALTIME

As the cost of food continues to rise, you might find yourself surprised by the grocery bill.

According to the U.S. Department of Agriculture, from 2018 to 2022, food price inflation (20.4%) was the second-highest category increase, rising faster than other expenditure categories like medical care and housing. If rising costs are surprising, look for ways to squeeze your food budget. Avoid unhealthy ways to cut costs, such as foregoing healthy choices or reducing the size and frequency of meals. Instead, use the following strategies to stretch your food budget and reinforce healthy eating habits.

THRIFTY FOOD HACKS

Use what you have. Tightening your grocery budget should start before you head to the store. Be intentional in using your existing food stock before buying new. Inventory your freezer, fridge, and pantry at least twice a month to keep track of the items nearing their expiration dates. Then, create meal plans centered around these ingredients.

Browse a cookbook. Planning your recipes is an excellent way to ensure an affordable and healthy diet that meets your nutritional goals. Find multiple recipes that use similar ingredients you can mix and match to save time in the grocery and kitchen.



Also, when selecting recipes, prepare enough to have leftovers. This can save time and help you cut costs by reducing food waste. Invent new recipes with past meals or ingredients.

Meatless Mondays. The USDA reports nine food categories whose prices rose more than 10% in 2022, which include eggs (32%), poultry (14.6%), and other meat (14.2%). Fresh vegetables and fruits were reported to have the lowest increase in prices. Plant-based proteins may offer more nutrients for your money over meats. Items such as beans, legumes, potatoes, and protein-rich vegetables like broccoli or kale, are often more affordable options. You can increase meal size, enhance nutritional values, and squeeze your budget with a meatless meal plan.

Cooperative Extension Service

Agriculture and Natural Resources physical or mental dis-Family and Consumer Sciences may be available with 4-H Youth Development University of Kentucil Community and Economic Development Lexington, KY 40506

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DO NOT LET FOOD INFLATION BE A REASON TO FOREGO HEALTHY EATING HABITS



THRIFTY SHOPPING HACKS

Make a list. A shopping list makes your shopping trip quicker, helping you avoid buying things on a whim. It also keeps your pantry well-supplied. Stick to the list, but allow some flexibility to take advantage of sales. Estimate needed food quantities and be careful when buying large quantities of perishable items you cannot use within a week. Shop for the freshest produce, noting that, usually, groceries stack new inventory toward the back of the shelves.

Clip coupons. Look for digital coupons that match the items on your list. Even coupons with small discounts can accumulate savings. Check in-store sales including customer loyalty savings and discounted produce carts or other deals. These might contain fruits and vegetables that are slightly older but still delicious if you eat them within a day or two. Also, selecting frozen and canned foods may be less costly and last longer.

Buy in bulk. Bulk purchases may lead to larger savings in your food budget if your household will eat through an item in larger quantities. However, buying bulk treats (such as soda, cookies, and candies) may save you money but move you away

from your dietary goals. When buying in bulk, consider also if you have room to store the items in your fridge, freezer, or pantry, and if you can use them before their expiration date.

Remember, eating healthy is not "too expensive." Do not let food inflation be a reason to forego healthy eating habits. Instead, consider it an opportunity to refresh your shopping hacks and cooking skills. A well-balanced diet is a wise investment in your health that can create value in both your physical and financial well-being.

REFERENCES:

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. 6 Tips for Eating Healthy on a Budget. https://www.cdc.gov/diabetes/healthy-eating-budget.html

The Nutrition Source. Strategies for Eating Well on a Budget. https://www.hsph.harvard.edu/nutritionsource/strategies-nutrition-budget/

Economic Research Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture. Food Prices and Spending. https://www.ers.usda.gov/data-products/ag-and-food-statistics-charting-the-essentials/food-prices-and-spending/

Written by: Samadhi Weeraratne | Edited by: Kelly May and Alyssa Simms | Designed by: Kelli Thompson | Images by: Adobe Stock

Nichole Huff, Ph.D., CFLE | Assistant Extension Professor Family Finance and Resource Management | nichole.huff@uky.edu









The 2023-2024 Winter Outlook for Kentucky

Derrick Snyder - National Weather Service, Paducah, KY



As the leaves change colors and fall to the ground, crops are harvested, and tendrils of frost form on plants, conversation often turns to what the coming winter will bring. As we have seen, winter in Kentucky can bring a bit of everything, from ice and snow, to flooding, to bitter cold - even severe weather. Given how variable the weather during the winter can be, is it possible to predict what will happen? Many of us have heard homespun wisdom about ways to predict what an upcoming winter will bring. Some of the more popular ones include how dark the hair of a wooly worm is in the fall, the shape of the seed inside of a persimmon, and counting the number of morning fogs in August. Unfortunately, these tales are not necessarily based in truth. The National Weather Service has a division called the Climate Prediction Center (CPC). The climatologists use historical data and pattern recognition, along with latest trends and observations, to predict a seasonal outlook. This past month, CPC just issued the outlook for the upcoming 2023/2024 Winter Season. So how does it shake out?

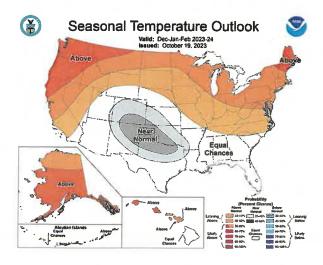
The winter outlook compiled by CPC covers the months of December, January, and February. It is not possible to give a day by day forecast of what will happen, but it is possible to forecast whether a region will see a greater chance of above-, below-, or near-normal temperatures and precipitation (rain and melted snow and ice). If there is not a strong signal either way, the outlook will say that a region will have an equal chance of seeing above-, below-, or near-normal temperatures and precipitation. It is important to remember that these outlooks cover a three-month period. Periods of cold weather can occur when above-normal temperatures are favored, and the opposite can happen when below-normal temperatures are favored. The same rule also applies for precipitation.

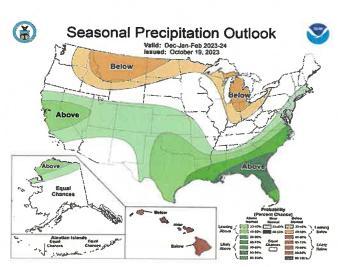
This year, the United States is entering into a strong El Niño pattern. During El Niño, trade winds weaken in the Pacific Ocean. Warm water is pushed back east, toward the west coast of the Americas.

El Niño means Little Boy in Spanish. South American fishermen first noticed periods of unusually warm water in the Pacific Ocean in the 1600s. The full name they used was El Niño de Navidad, because El Niño typically peaks around December.

El Niño can affect our weather significantly. The warmer waters cause the Pacific jet stream to move south of its neutral position. With this shift, areas in the northern U.S. and Canada are dryer and warmer than usual. But in the U.S. Gulf Coast and Southeast, these periods are wetter than usual and have increased flooding.

In Kentucky, the outlook for this winter slightly favors above-normal temperatures across the entire state. For precipitation, the great majority of the state has an equal chance of seeing above-, below-, or near-normal precipitation. However, across far northern Kentucky, the outlook does slightly favor below-normal precipitation amounts. How will this end up playing out over the winter? — We shall have to wait and see!

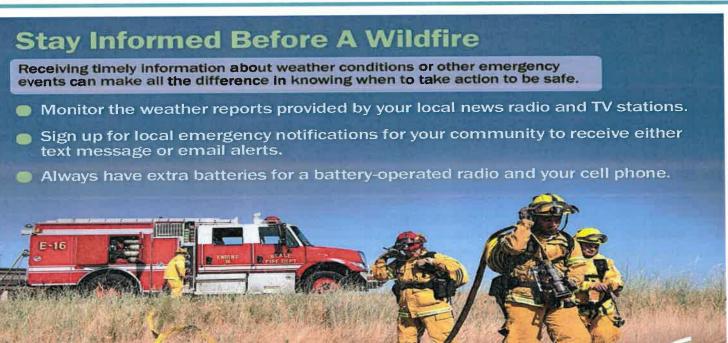






















RealeN







Wildfire Evacuation Checklist

Make leaving safely second nature



Plan, prepare and practice these simple tips that can help make leaving your home quicker, easier and safer in the event of a wildfire and reduce your risk of injury.

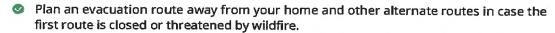
Pre-fire: Plan, prepare and practice before a wildfire occurs.

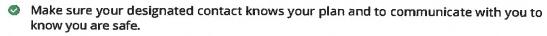
A wildfire may make it necessary for you and your neighbors to evacuate. Plan, prepare and practice wildfire evacuation together and with your local emergency services. This can help save lives!



Pre-fire: plan

- Sign up to receive local emergency alerts and warnings on all home phones, cellphones and other devices.
- Know what your community's emergency notification and evacuation plans are.





- Know the evacuation plans for locations where household members regularly are such as workplaces, schools and commuter routes.
- Plan to evacuate family, friends or neighbors who have disabilities.
- Maintain roads and bridges on your property and in your community if you are responsible for them. Improve roads to have 2 ways out and make them wide enough for emergency vehicles. Make sure everyone can open gated roads. Post load limits on bridges. Build culverts with materials that won't melt.



Pre-fire: prepare

- Prepack emergency supply kits.
- Back vehicles into your garage or park them in an open space facing the direction of escape.
- Keep the gas tank in vehicles at least half full.



Pre-fire: practice

- Practice often with everyone in your home, using at least 2 ways out of your neighborhood.
- Participate in community wildfire drills. If something could keep you from leaving successfully, such as a locked gate, address it immediately.
- Practice evacuating animals and pets, including how to operate trailers and other vehicles needed to transport them. Know what resources are needed for their care in case of evacuation.















During a wildfire event

- Charge all cellphones in case of power loss.
- Know the local fire conditions and be prepared to leave at a moment's notice.
- Leave early if you are concerned. It may take more time than you think to evacuate due to heavier traffic and decreased visibility, or if you have small children, pets or livestock, or have physical challenges.
- Go promptly when told to evacuate.
- Don't drive out with trailers or large vehicles like RV's, especially if you are unfamiliar with operating them. A stalled or abandoned vehicle makes it hard for others to leave and first responders to get into the area.
- Keep your car windows up and the air conditioning on to prevent embers and smoke from entering the vehicle.
- Continue to listen for additional evacuation instructions.



After evacuating

- Make sure that everyone is okay once you are out. If someone is injured or not feeling well, get immediate assistance.
- Inform your designated contact as soon as you are safe.
- Don't return to your home until you are told you can safely do so.
- Follow safety guidance, including bringing in fresh water and other supplies.

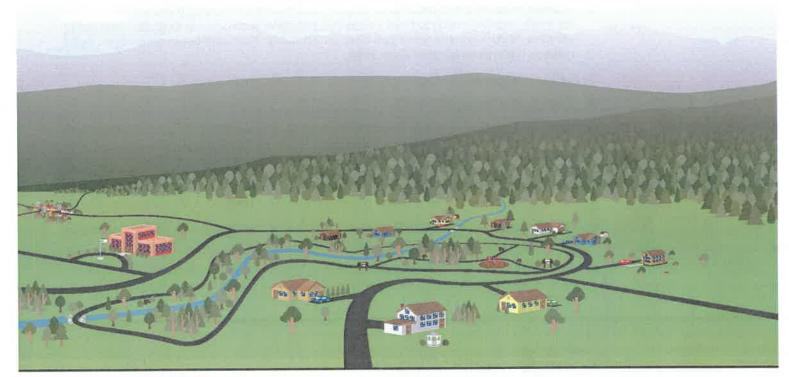










Photo: Jennifer J. Taylor, stock.adobe.com

Smoke from a wildfire blankets a neighborhood. Take steps to protect your indoor air when outside air is unhealthy to breathe.

Glenda Hyde

ildfire smoke can damage your lungs, heart, eyes, nose, throat and immune system. Smoke can enter homes and contaminate indoor air. Protect yourself by staying indoors and taking steps to reduce indoor air pollution. Here are tips on how to protect the air in your home.

Why is smoke harmful?

Smoke from sources such as burning homes, commercial buildings, automobiles and gas stations contains harmful gases, chemicals and fine particles known as "particulate matter." The risk increases when these substances merge with forest fire smoke.

Air-quality alerts, such as the Air Quality Index, focus on six main components: nitrogen dioxide, sulfur dioxide, ozone, carbon monoxide, lead and particulate matter.

In a wildfire, the major contributor to smoke is fine particulate matter. Of particular concern are the

smallest particles, known as PM_{2.5} These particles are invisible to the eye. Because they are so small, they can travel deep into the lungs and be absorbed into the body.

Larger particles, called PM₁₀, are usually visible in the form of ash. When inhaled, small bits are are trapped high in the lungs and typically can be coughed out. However, they can still cause irritation.

Glenda Hyde, Extension Family and Community Health faculty, Crook, Deschutes, Jefferson and Wheeler counties, and associate professor of practice, Oregon State University.











Through Accelerating Appalachia's USDA Climate Smart Commodities program, "Building Soil, Building Equity" (BSBE), agricultural funding opportunities are available for farmers. Farmers can earn up to \$1,000/acre for deploying simple common sense proven practices. In addition to funding opportunities, farmers will be provided with implementation training and marketing support at no cost to farmer cohorts. See the attached documents for more information.

Here is a little more about the program...

Accelerating Appalachia's project, Building Soil, Building Equity: Accelerating a Resilient Farming Movement in Appalachia and the rural southeastern U.S., aims to train and provide funding to 400+ farmers/ producers to sequester significant carbon drawdown, retain water, improve soil health and food nutrition while rebuilding rural communities over a four to five-year period. The project spans thousands of acres of Central/Southern Appalachian and rural southeastern land, including Kentucky, North Carolina, Tennessee, South Carolina, West Virginia, Virginia, southern Ohio, and northern Georgia.

In equal measure, the project supports restoring biodiversity and helping new and existing small to medium -sized growers to stay on land and improve soil health, food health, and regional production to rebuild rural communities. This funding is part of the \$3.1 billion USDA Climate Smart Commodities grant in which Accelerating Appalachia received \$20 million. Farmers will be incentivized to adopt Climate-Smart Agriculture and Forestry (CSAF) practices through an \$18 million farmer fund for direct incentives, with increased incentives for BIPOC producers.



Ag & Natural Resources

















Shad Baker

Ag & Natural Resources





Renewable & Sustainable

 Energy Independence Uong-Term Savings

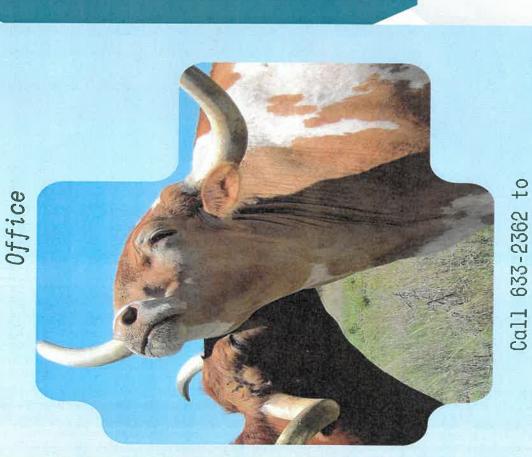




Extension

register

Letcher County



Prep for Livestock Winter

December 14 a 12 noon

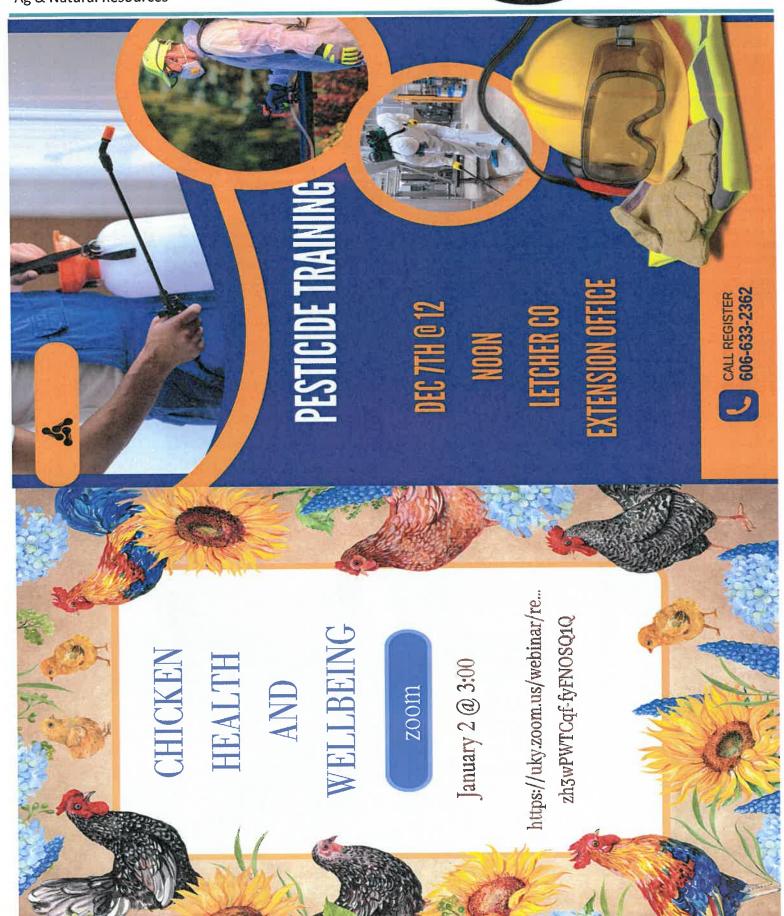
Letcher County Extension

















					16	
щ	24	17	10	ω	Sunday	9
	25	18	Turn compost	Mulch hybrid roses Select cut Christmas tree with flexible needles	Monday	
	Plant live Christmas tree	19	12	Overwinter spinach and Swiss chard	Tuesday	
	5 27	20	Harvest Brussels sprouts	Mulch perennial herbs	Wednesday	
	28	Winter Begins	14	Hanukkah Begins Begin harvest of high tunnel carrots and lettuce	Thursday	
	29	22	15	8 Buy live Christmas tree	Friday	
	30	23	16	Q	Saturday 2 Tum compost Protect shrubs from harsh weather	2023







December/January Greenhouse Update

Brad Sexton

AG & Natural Resource Assistant

Now it's time to seal up any drafty air ways and for the most part scale back the thermostat on the exhaust fans in your greenhouses because the old cold drafty days are upon us. Anything you can do to keep the heat in your greenhouse during these cold days will help conserve energy bills and keep your plants healthy and thriving. If you have grow lights put them on timers of 12 to 16 hours a day to help save on the life of the light and if your just purchasing grow lights the LED lights are the most recommended and efficient. As we lose sunlight the grow lights are a must for fruit and flower production in the winter months.

We have some new varieties growing in the greenhouse that I wanted to showcase. The roses were fairly new and are thriving. The pink geranium is new and continues its bloom show. The nasturtium's are new as well, the cherry red and cream color varieties are showing no signs of slowing down. The mums are new and are always a fall favorite. We also have some new succulent varieties hen& chicks and aloe too. Then last but not least the candy cane pepper, yellow sweet pepper and ever sweet strawberry. If there is ever any questions or you want to come tour our greenhouse just give us a call. Want to take this time to wish everyone a very Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year. Check back next time to see what's growing in our greenhouse.



FICHER COUN



Crystal Smith

4-H Agent







Where: Letcher County Extension Office

When: December 19, 2023

4-H teaches life skills, leadership, education, and

friendship.

Set your Homeschool Student involved with 4-H!

Time: 1 pm- 2:30 pm

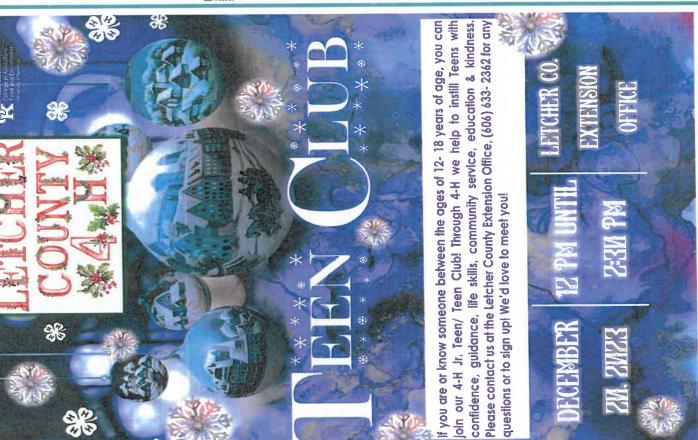


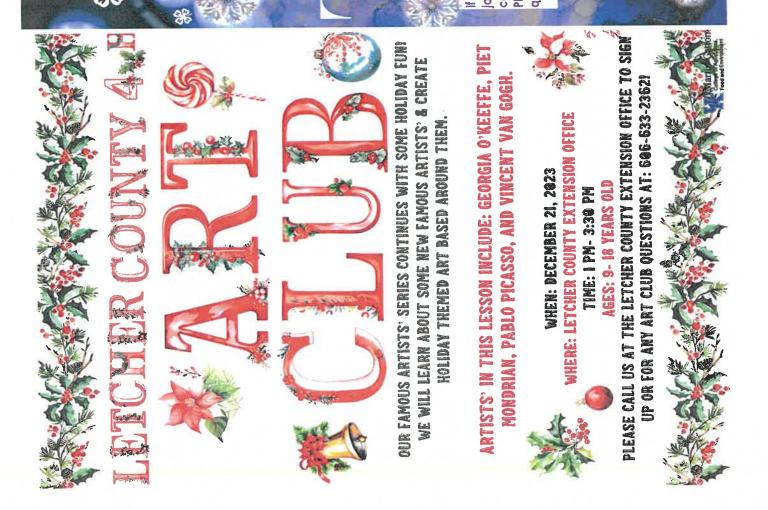
Please contact us at: 6066332362 to sign up or for any questions you may have!













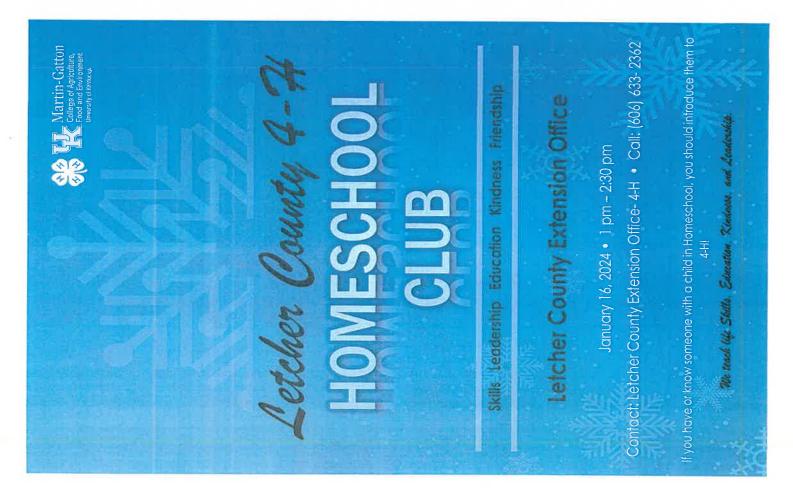
Crystal Smith

4-H Agent



















Jr. Teen/Teen Club

Let a new year bring you a new start!
With 4-H you gain an advantage in life.
You learn life skills, community service,
leadership, kindness, and friendship. Do
you know a pre-teen or teen, ages 12-18
years old, that has these skills to
develop? Come join us for our January

Please call us to sign up or for any questions at: 6066332362

When: January 24, 2024 Where: Letcher County Extension

Time: 3:30 pm - 5 pm













Kentucky Volunteer Forum

VOLUNTEERS REACHING NEW HORIZONS FEBRUARY 22-24, 2024

TO INSPIRE, EDUCATE, EMPOWER, AND RECOGNIZE

4-H AND EXTENSION VOLUNTEERS AND PROFESSIONALS



Central Bank Convention Center Hyatt Regency Lexington

401 W HIGH STREET, LEXINGTON, KY 40507

DONT MISS OUT

- WORKSHOPS
- NETWORKING
- SEMINARS ON WHEELS
- OPENING EVENT
- HALL OF FAME BANQUET
- AWARDS LUNCHEON
- VENDORS
- VOLUNTEER ACCREDITATION

REGISTRATION OPENS

OCT 1, 2023

HOTEL ACCOMODATIONS

HOST HOTEL: HYATT DOWNTOWN

OVER FLOW: HYATT PLACE

For More Information:

Contact your local County Extension Office

https://4-h.ca.uky.edu/core-program-areas/kentucky-volunteer-forum

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YOUTH

HEALTH BULLETIN



DECEMBER 2023

Download this and past issues of the Adult, Youth, Parent, and Family Caregiver Health Bulletins: http://fcs-hes.ca.uky.edu/content/health-bulletins

Letcher County
Extension Office
478 Extension Dr.
Whitesburg, KY 41858
606)633-2362

THIS MONTH'S TOPIC:

STAY FIRE SAFE



hen it gets cold in the winter, many people turn to fire to stay warm and have light. From candles to fireplaces and heaters, fires can help people be comfortable. However, fire is very serious, is never a toy, and is never OK to touch.

Every year, kids of all ages start fires that hurt people and damage things. You can do your part to prevent fires by never playing with matches, lighters, and other fire sources. Also stay away from all open flames, including fireplaces, candles, and stoves. If you are worried about one of these items, always talk to a grown up in your home. Do not investigate for yourself.

Even when people try to be safe, accidents can still happen. Some

Continued on the next page





Agriculture and Natural Resources Family and Consumer Sciences 4-H Youth Development Community and Economic Development

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University of Kentucky, Kentucky State University, U.S. Department of Agriculture, and Kentucky Counties, Cooperating.







Crystal Smith

4-H Agent





You can do your part to prevent fires by never playing with matches, lighters, and other fire sources.

0

Continued from the previous page

people don't want to talk about fire safety because no one likes to think about people getting hurt or their things getting burned. But you can feel less worried about a fire if you are ready just in case.

All homes should have a fire escape plan. They should include how to get out of your home in case of a fire and where to meet outside. Smoke from a fire can make it hard to see where things are, so it's important to learn and remember the different ways out of your home. Talk to your family about the different ways to get out of the rooms in your home. The most important thing in a fire is to get out safely. Never try to hide.

If you can see smoke in the house, stay low to the ground as you go to the exit. In a fire, smoke and poisonous air hurt more people than the actual flames do. You'll breathe less smoke if you stay close to the ground. Bend down low or crawl to avoid the smoke and keep going quickly to the outside.

Besides planning how to get out, you also need to know where to meet your family outside. This is helpful because then everyone shows up in one place and you'll know that everyone is safe. It is normal to worry about your pets or a favorite toy, but if there is a fire, you have to leave them behind. The most important thing is that you get out safely. Once you are out, STAY OUT. Do not go back in for anything — even pets. You can tell the fire rescue people about any pets that were left behind and they may be able to help.





If you are stuck in a room with a hot door or on an upper floor, keep the door closed and get to a window. Open it if you can and make a lot of noise and move around. Firefighters will be able to see you and help you get down.

If your clothes ever catch fire, do not run away! Instead, cut off air to the fire by remembering to STOP, DROP to the ground, cover your face with your hands, and ROLL to put out the flames.

You do not need to be afraid of fire. You can make good choices to keep your distance and stay safe.

REFERENCE:

https://kidshealth.org/en/kids/fire-safety.html



Written by: Katherine Jury, MS Edited by: Alyssa Simms Designed by: Rusty Manseau Cartoon illustrations by: Chris Ware (© University of Kentucky School of Human Environmental Sciences)



University of Kentucky College of Agriculture, Food and Environment Cooperative Extension Service

Letcher County 478 Extension Dr Po box 784 Whitesburg, Ky 41858

RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED



Shad Baker

Agriculture & Natural Resources



Nanette Banks
CEA for Family & Consumer
Sciences Education



Crystal Smith
4-H Youth Development